

Exhibit B

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

DRESSER-RAND COMPANY,

Plaintiff,

-against-

PETRÓLEOS DE VENEZUELA, S.A. and
PDVSA PETRÓLEO, S.A.,

Defendants.

Case No.: 1:19-cv-002689-LLS

**NOTICE OF SUBPOENA TO
DEUTSCHE BANK TRUST
CORPORATION**

TO: Geoffrey G. Young, Jordan W. Siev, Blake M. Simon
Reed Smith LLP
599 Lexington Avenue
New York, NY 10022

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE, that pursuant to Rule 45 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, defendant Petróleos de Venezuela, S.A., by and through its undersigned attorneys, will serve a subpoena on non-party Deutsche Bank Trust Corporation, in the form attached hereto, for the production of documents at the offices of Hogan Lovells US LLP, 390 Madison Avenue, New York, New York 10017, by July 10, 2020.

Dated: June 17, 2020

HOGAN LOVELLS US LLP

By: /s/ Dennis H. Tracey, III
Dennis H. Tracey, III
Robin L. Muir
390 Madison Avenue
New York, New York 10017
(212) 918-3000
dennis.tracey@hoganlovells.com
robin.muir@hoganlovells.com

*Counsel for Defendants Petróleos de
Venezuela, S.A. and PDVSA
Petróleo, S.A*

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

for the

Southern District of New York

DRESSER-RAND COMPANY,

Plaintiff

v.

PETRÓLEOS DE VENEZUELA, S.A. and
PDVSA PETRÓLEO, S.A.,*Defendant*

Civil Action No. 1:19-cv-002689-LLS

SUBPOENA TO PRODUCE DOCUMENTS, INFORMATION, OR OBJECTS
OR TO PERMIT INSPECTION OF PREMISES IN A CIVIL ACTIONTo: Deutsche Bank Trust Corporation
60 Wall St., New York, NY 10005*(Name of person to whom this subpoena is directed)*

☒ **Production:** **YOU ARE COMMANDED** to produce at the time, date, and place set forth below the following documents, electronically stored information, or objects, and to permit inspection, copying, testing, or sampling of the material: See Schedule A, attached.

Place: Hogan Lovells US LLP
390 Madison Avenue
New York, NY 10017

Date and Time:

07/10/2020 10:00 am

☐ **Inspection of Premises:** **YOU ARE COMMANDED** to permit entry onto the designated premises, land, or other property possessed or controlled by you at the time, date, and location set forth below, so that the requesting party may inspect, measure, survey, photograph, test, or sample the property or any designated object or operation on it.

Place:

Date and Time:

The following provisions of Fed. R. Civ. P. 45 are attached – Rule 45(c), relating to the place of compliance; Rule 45(d), relating to your protection as a person subject to a subpoena; and Rule 45(e) and (g), relating to your duty to respond to this subpoena and the potential consequences of not doing so.

Date: 06/15/2020

CLERK OF COURT

OR

*Robin L. Muir**Signature of Clerk or Deputy Clerk**Attorney's signature*

The name, address, e-mail address, and telephone number of the attorney representing *(name of party)* defendant
Petróleos de Venezuela, S.A., who issues or requests this subpoena, are:

Dennis H. Tracey, Robin L. Muir, Hogan Lovells US LLP, 390 Madison Avenue, New York, NY 10017
dennis.tracey@hoganlovells.com, robin.muir@hoganlovells.com, 212 918 3000

Notice to the person who issues or requests this subpoena

A notice and a copy of the subpoena must be served on each party in this case before it is served on the person to whom it is directed. Fed. R. Civ. P. 45(a)(4).

Civil Action No. 1:19-cv-002689-LLS

PROOF OF SERVICE*(This section should not be filed with the court unless required by Fed. R. Civ. P. 45.)*

I received this subpoena for *(name of individual and title, if any)* _____
 on *(date)* _____.

☐ I served the subpoena by delivering a copy to the named person as follows: _____

_____ on *(date)* _____; or

☐ I returned the subpoena unexecuted because: _____

Unless the subpoena was issued on behalf of the United States, or one of its officers or agents, I have also
 tendered to the witness the fees for one day's attendance, and the mileage allowed by law, in the amount of
 \$ _____.

My fees are \$ _____ for travel and \$ _____ for services, for a total of \$ 0.00 .

I declare under penalty of perjury that this information is true.

Date: _____

Server's signature

Printed name and title

Server's address

Additional information regarding attempted service, etc.:

Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 45 (c), (d), (e), and (g) (Effective 12/1/13)**(c) Place of Compliance.**

(1) For a Trial, Hearing, or Deposition. A subpoena may command a person to attend a trial, hearing, or deposition only as follows:

- (A) within 100 miles of where the person resides, is employed, or regularly transacts business in person; or
- (B) within the state where the person resides, is employed, or regularly transacts business in person, if the person
 - (i) is a party or a party's officer; or
 - (ii) is commanded to attend a trial and would not incur substantial expense.

(2) For Other Discovery. A subpoena may command:

- (A) production of documents, electronically stored information, or tangible things at a place within 100 miles of where the person resides, is employed, or regularly transacts business in person; and
- (B) inspection of premises at the premises to be inspected.

(d) Protecting a Person Subject to a Subpoena; Enforcement.

(1) Avoiding Undue Burden or Expense; Sanctions. A party or attorney responsible for issuing and serving a subpoena must take reasonable steps to avoid imposing undue burden or expense on a person subject to the subpoena. The court for the district where compliance is required must enforce this duty and impose an appropriate sanction—which may include lost earnings and reasonable attorney's fees—on a party or attorney who fails to comply.

(2) Command to Produce Materials or Permit Inspection.

(A) *Appearance Not Required.* A person commanded to produce documents, electronically stored information, or tangible things, or to permit the inspection of premises, need not appear in person at the place of production or inspection unless also commanded to appear for a deposition, hearing, or trial.

(B) *Objections.* A person commanded to produce documents or tangible things or to permit inspection may serve on the party or attorney designated in the subpoena a written objection to inspecting, copying, testing, or sampling any or all of the materials or to inspecting the premises—or to producing electronically stored information in the form or forms requested. The objection must be served before the earlier of the time specified for compliance or 14 days after the subpoena is served. If an objection is made, the following rules apply:

- (i) At any time, on notice to the commanded person, the serving party may move the court for the district where compliance is required for an order compelling production or inspection.
- (ii) These acts may be required only as directed in the order, and the order must protect a person who is neither a party nor a party's officer from significant expense resulting from compliance.

(3) Quashing or Modifying a Subpoena.

(A) *When Required.* On timely motion, the court for the district where compliance is required must quash or modify a subpoena that:

- (i) fails to allow a reasonable time to comply;
- (ii) requires a person to comply beyond the geographical limits specified in Rule 45(c);
- (iii) requires disclosure of privileged or other protected matter, if no exception or waiver applies; or
- (iv) subjects a person to undue burden.

(B) *When Permitted.* To protect a person subject to or affected by a subpoena, the court for the district where compliance is required may, on motion, quash or modify the subpoena if it requires:

- (i) disclosing a trade secret or other confidential research, development, or commercial information; or

(ii) disclosing an unretained expert's opinion or information that does not describe specific occurrences in dispute and results from the expert's study that was not requested by a party.

(C) *Specifying Conditions as an Alternative.* In the circumstances described in Rule 45(d)(3)(B), the court may, instead of quashing or modifying a subpoena, order appearance or production under specified conditions if the serving party:

- (i) shows a substantial need for the testimony or material that cannot be otherwise met without undue hardship; and
- (ii) ensures that the subpoenaed person will be reasonably compensated.

(e) Duties in Responding to a Subpoena.

(1) Producing Documents or Electronically Stored Information. These procedures apply to producing documents or electronically stored information:

(A) *Documents.* A person responding to a subpoena to produce documents must produce them as they are kept in the ordinary course of business or must organize and label them to correspond to the categories in the demand.

(B) *Form for Producing Electronically Stored Information Not Specified.* If a subpoena does not specify a form for producing electronically stored information, the person responding must produce it in a form or forms in which it is ordinarily maintained or in a reasonably usable form or forms.

(C) *Electronically Stored Information Produced in Only One Form.* The person responding need not produce the same electronically stored information in more than one form.

(D) *Inaccessible Electronically Stored Information.* The person responding need not provide discovery of electronically stored information from sources that the person identifies as not reasonably accessible because of undue burden or cost. On motion to compel discovery or for a protective order, the person responding must show that the information is not reasonably accessible because of undue burden or cost. If that showing is made, the court may nonetheless order discovery from such sources if the requesting party shows good cause, considering the limitations of Rule 26(b)(2)(C). The court may specify conditions for the discovery.

(2) Claiming Privilege or Protection.

(A) *Information Withheld.* A person withholding subpoenaed information under a claim that it is privileged or subject to protection as trial-preparation material must:

- (i) expressly make the claim; and
- (ii) describe the nature of the withheld documents, communications, or tangible things in a manner that, without revealing information itself privileged or protected, will enable the parties to assess the claim.

(B) *Information Produced.* If information produced in response to a subpoena is subject to a claim of privilege or of protection as trial-preparation material, the person making the claim may notify any party that received the information of the claim and the basis for it. After being notified, a party must promptly return, sequester, or destroy the specified information and any copies it has; must not use or disclose the information until the claim is resolved; must take reasonable steps to retrieve the information if the party disclosed it before being notified; and may promptly present the information under seal to the court for the district where compliance is required for a determination of the claim. The person who produced the information must preserve the information until the claim is resolved.

(g) Contempt.

The court for the district where compliance is required—and also, after a motion is transferred, the issuing court—may hold in contempt a person who, having been served, fails without adequate excuse to obey the subpoena or an order related to it.

SCHEDULE A

DEFINITIONS

The definitions and rules of construction set forth in Local Civil Rule 26.3 of the Local Rules of the United States District Courts for the Southern and Eastern Districts of New York apply to this subpoena, as well as the following definitions:

1. “Deutsche Bank,” “you,” or “your” refers to Deutsche Bank Trust Corporation, Deutsche Bank Trust Co Americas, and its present or former agents, employees, representatives, or other persons acting or purporting to act for or on its behalf.

2. “Dresser-Rand” refers to Dresser-Rand Company, its present or former agents, employees, representatives, or other persons acting for or on its behalf.

3. “PDVSA” refers to Petróleos de Venezuela, S.A., its present or former agents, employees, representatives, or other persons acting for or on its behalf.

4. “Petróleo” refers to PDVSA Petróleo, S.A., its present or former agents, employees, representatives, or other persons acting for or on its behalf.

5. The “Account” refers to the bank account that Dresser-Rand holds with Citibank N.A., described as follows:

Name on Account:	DRESSER-RAND COMPANY RECEIPTS
Address on Account:	10205 Westheimer Road, Suite 1000 Houston, TX 77042
Citi Address:	Citibank N.A. 111 Wall St. New York, NY 10043
National Account Number:	30591016
ABA Routing Number:	021000089
SWIFT Code:	CITIUS33

6. The “11/22/2017 E-Mail” refers to an e-mail sent by zhangxiaochen@citibank.com on November 22, 2017, a redacted copy of which is annexed

hereto as Exhibit 1, and was publicly filed with the Court with Dresser-Rand's permission (Dkt. 54-3 at pp. 5-6).

7. The "Protective Order" refers to the parties' Stipulated Confidentiality and Protective Order annexed hereto as Exhibit 2.

INSTRUCTIONS

1. This subpoena is a continuing request, and to the extent that at any time after the production of documents called for by this subpoena, you become aware of or acquire additional documents responsive to this subpoena, such documents shall be produced promptly.

2. A request for any document shall be deemed to include a request for all drafts thereof and all revisions and modifications thereto in addition to the document itself.

3. A request for any document shall be deemed to include, in addition to the document itself, a request for any transmittal sheets and cover letters accompanying the requested document, exhibits and attachments to the document, and enclosures sent with the document.

4. If any document requested in this subpoena is not produced on the basis of an assertion of the attorney-client privilege, work-product doctrine, or any claim of privilege or immunity, identify each such document together with sufficient information to permit the court to make a determination as to whether there is a proper basis for withholding such a document. In so doing, the following information must be supplied in writing: (i) the type of document (e.g., letter, memorandum or report); (ii) the general subject matter of the document; (iii) the date of the document; (iv) the author or sender of the document; (v) the addressee or recipient of the document; (vi) each person who received a copy of the document; (vii) the privilege asserted; and (viii) the basis for asserting such a privilege.

5. If an objection to any particular portion of this subpoena is asserted, documents responsive to any other portion of this subpoena as to which there is no objection must be produced.

6. The documents requested should be produced as they were kept in the ordinary course of business, and should be produced with any file folder labels in a manner that will enable PDVSA to determine the person, database, or records from whose files each document was obtained, or, alternatively, the documents can be labeled to correspond to the categories in this subpoena.

7. Electronic documents shall be produced in readily usable and searchable electronic format.

8. Unless otherwise stated, this subpoena seeks documents and information from April 20, 2017 to the present.

DOCUMENTS TO BE PRODUCED

1. Documents sufficient to show Deutsche Bank's policies with respect to the receipt or transfer of funds of PDVSA or Petróleo.

2. All correspondence with Dresser-Rand concerning any transfer or attempted transfer of funds by or on behalf of PDVSA or Petróleo.

3. All correspondence with PDVSA or Petróleo concerning any transfer or attempted transfer of funds by or on behalf of PDVSA or Petróleo.

4. All documents concerning the transfer or attempted transfer of funds by or on behalf of PDVSA or Petróleo.

5. All documents and correspondence concerning the "two outward payments" referenced in the 11/22/2017 E-Mail (Ex. 1).

6. All documents and correspondence concerning the “internal DB policy” referenced in the 11/22/2017 E-Mail (Ex. 1).

7. All documents and correspondence concerning any rejection by Deutsche Bank of a transfer of funds to the Account by or on behalf of PDVSA or Petróleo that are not already being produced in response to an earlier request.

EXHIBIT 1

Buenos días

remito para su información correo del banco China Citic notificando el rechazo de los pagos por políticas internas del DB

Saludos
Hilda Silva.

----- Remitido por HILDA SILVA/SILVAHG/SV/PDUSA con fecha 23/11/2017 10:17 a.m. -----

张啸晨 <zhangxiaochen@citicbank.com>

"thaismartineza@gmail.com" <thaismartineza@gmail.com>, 洪伟

Para <hongwei_bj@citicbank.com>, 彭梦颖

<pengmengying_bj@citicbank.com>, 孙凡 <sunfan08_bj@citicbank.com>

22/11/2017 05.13 a.m.

HILDA SILVA <silvahg@pdvsa.com>, THAIS GRAFFE
<graffet@pdvsa.com>, "BIANNY ZAMBRANO"
<zambranobs@pdvsa.com>, JUAN MARTINEZ
cc <martinezjpe@pdvsa.com>, MIGUEL BOLIVAR <bolivarinj@pdvsa.com>,
YASENIA RAMOS <ramosyha@pdvsa.com>, MARCOS CAMPOS
<camposmi@pdvsa.com>

Asunto 2 outward payments are rejected by DB

Dear all,

Please kindly note that, the following two outward payments are rejected by DB due to its internal policy. The money is returned to your remit account.

Sender's Ref.	Amount	Value Date	Case Status
REDACTED	USD118504.78	11/21/2017	Payment was rejected without investigation on the basis of internal DB policy. The notification SWIFT was sent to CITIC OBU on 11/21.
REDACTED	USD1960212.37	11/21/2017	Payment was rejected without investigation on the basis of internal DB policy. The notification SWIFT

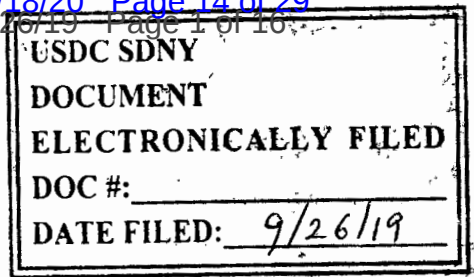
was sent to CITIC OBU on 11/21.

Regards,

Black

EXHIBIT 2

ORIGINAL



UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

DRESSER-RAND COMPANY,

Plaintiff,

v.

PETRÓLEOS DE VENEZUELA, S.A. *et al*,

Defendants.

No. 19-cv-02689-LLS

STIPULATED CONFIDENTIALITY AND PROTECTIVE ORDER

Plaintiff Dresser-Rand Company ("Plaintiff") and Defendants Petróleos de Venezuela, S.A. ("PDVSA") and PDVSA Petróleos, S.A. ("PPSA," and together with PDVSA, "Defendants") enter into this Confidentiality Agreement and Consent Protective Order.

1. Agreements.

a. Plaintiff and Defendants (collectively, the "Parties," and individually, a "Party"), and non-parties will be exchanging documents and information solely in connection with the above-captioned litigation (the "Action").

b. The Parties agree that all information exchanged will be used only for purposes of this particular Action and for no other purpose.

c. The Parties also acknowledge that it is likely that they and non-parties will produce in the Action information that is confidential or proprietary.

d. Due to the nature of this case, this Protective Order is necessary to ensure proper and efficient conduct of the Action and to protect the Parties' and non-parties' respective commercial interests in proprietary, marketing and commercial information. Specifically, the

Parties in the Action will need to request and produce information that may contain proprietary/confidential information, commercial information, sensitive financial information, technical information, trade secrets, or private personal information.

e. The disclosure of this information will likely cause the producing Party, or non-parties from whom such information is sought, significant harm if this information is disclosed without the conditions and protections contained herein.

f. The Parties agree that this Order shall apply to and govern the treatment of all information contained in documents, deposition testimony, deposition exhibits, expert report, interrogatory answers, responses to requests for production, responses to requests for admission, responses to subpoenas, trial testimony, and other information or tangible thing disclosed or produced by or on behalf of any Party or non-party in the Action (“Discovery Material”).

g. The Parties and any non-parties may designate Information and Documents that as “Confidential Information” or “Highly Confidential Information,” as defined below. Any Party or non-party so designating is a “Designating Party.”

h. The Parties agree that this Protective Order may be shared with third-parties.

2. **Definitions.**

a. “***Confidential***” or “***CONFIDENTIAL***” information is information that that the Designating Party believes will disclose confidential and nonpublic technical, commercial, financial, personal or business information that would provide others with an unfair competitive or improper advantage, including but not limited to trade secrets. Confidential Information also means an individual’s private or personal information which, if disclosed, would violate the privacy rights of that individual.

b. ***“Highly Confidential – Attorneys’ Eyes Only”*** or ***“HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY”*** information is information that, if generally disclosed to the opposing Party, the Designating Party reasonably and in good faith believes constitutes (i) trade secrets, (ii) operating, management or other proprietary agreements, (iii) confidential business ownership information, (iv) business financial records or projections, (v) proprietary information and technical specifications, (vi) confidential strategic business plans and projections, (vii) employee information, or (viii) information that is subject to an express obligation of confidentiality owed by the Designating Party to a third-party.

c. ***“Designating Party”*** means the party producing or designating information as Confidential or Highly Confidential under this Stipulated Protective Order.

d. ***“Receiving Party”*** means any party to whom Confidential or Highly Confidential information is produced.

e. ***“Outside Expert”*** means an expert who is retained to assist counsel for the Parties in connection with the Action.

3. **Designation as “Confidential” or “Highly Confidential.”**

a. All Confidential or Highly Confidential Discovery Material in the form of physical objects or documents shall be designated by stamping or affixing on the face of each document and on each page or portion thereof one of the following two legends: “Confidential” or “Highly Confidential – Attorneys’ Eyes Only” (in either lower case or upper case letters) or by designating the material as Confidential or as Highly Confidential – Attorneys’ Eyes Only in accompanying correspondence, emails, or similar transmissions.

b. All Confidential or Highly Confidential Discovery Material in the form of software or digital material stored on an electronic storage device shall be designated by affixing either a “Confidential” or “Highly Confidential – Attorneys’ Eyes Only” legend on the device itself, by electronically stamping one of these legends on each page or portion thereof, or by designating the material as Confidential or as Highly Confidential – Attorneys’ Eyes Only in accompanying correspondence, emails, or similar transmissions.

c. Testimony given at a deposition or hearing, the resulting transcript, and its exhibits may be designated as Confidential or Highly Confidential within thirty (30) days after receipt of a copy of the final transcript by advising the opposing Party and the stenographer in writing that the testimony in entirety or portions thereof are Confidential or Highly Confidential. If only a portion of the testimony contains Confidential or Highly Confidential Information, the Designating Party shall inform the opposing Party and the stenographer in writing of the specific page and line numbers designated as Confidential or Highly Confidential. Pages of transcribed testimony or exhibits designated as Confidential or Highly Confidential shall be separately bound by the stenographer. All copies of deposition transcripts that contain information or material designated as Confidential Discovery Material shall be marked “Confidential” or “Highly Confidential – Attorneys’ Eyes Only” on the cover. All depositions shall be treated as Highly Confidential Discovery Material until the expiration of the time to designate the deposition as Confidential or Highly Confidential, as appropriate.

d. Any deposition videotape containing Confidential or Highly Confidential Information shall be marked on the cover “Confidential” or “Highly Confidential – Attorneys’

Eyes Only,” as appropriate, and shall indicate as appropriate within the videotape that the Discovery Material therein has been so designated.

e. In the event any Designating Party produces Confidential or Highly Confidential information that has not been correctly designated, the Designating Party may redesignate the information to the same extent as it may have designated the information before production, by a subsequent notice in writing specifically identifying the redesignated information. The Parties shall treat such information in accordance with this Stipulated Protective Order, and shall undertake reasonable efforts to correct any disclosure of such information contrary to the redesignation. No proof of error, inadvertence, or excusable neglect shall be required for such redesignation.

f. A Designating Party who has designated information as Confidential or Highly Confidential may withdraw the designation by written notification to all Parties.

4. Use and Disclosure of Confidential and Highly Confidential Information.

a. Until or unless the Court rules otherwise, material marked or otherwise designated as Confidential and Highly Confidential shall be maintained in strict confidence by the Receiving Parties under the terms set forth below.

- b. Confidential Information may only be disclosed to:
- i. Officers, directors, employees or consultants of the Receiving Party as part of their assistance with preparing, prosecuting or trying the Action, but only to the extent necessary to allow them to provide that assistance;
 - ii. Outside counsel for the respective Parties, including their clerical, litigation support and paralegal employees;
 - iii. Outside Experts;

- iv. Any witness or his or her counsel in preparation for a deposition or otherwise testifying in any proceeding, who shall be provided prior to or at the outset of the deposition, hearing or trial with a copy of the Stipulated Protective Order on record. In such instance, the witness shall be bound by the provisions of the Stipulated Protective Order and shall be informed that the witness is bound by its terms. Neither a witness nor his or her counsel shall be permitted to retain a copy of Confidential materials unless otherwise permitted by the terms of this Stipulated Protective Order;
 - v. The court reporter, stenographer or video recorder operator retained by any Party to record a deposition or court hearing;
 - vi. Any outside copy services or litigation support services whose function necessitates access to material designated as Confidential or Highly Confidential under this Protective Order;
 - vii. The Court, its personnel, officers, court stenographers, and any other person designated by the court in the interest of justice, upon such terms as the court may deem proper;
 - viii. Any mediator(s), arbitrator(s), or special master(s) attempting to assist in resolving or adjudicating all or any portion of this matter, *provided that*: (a) the mediator(s), arbitrator(s), or special master(s) are appointed by the Court or all parties agree in writing that the mediator(s), arbitrator(s), or special master(s) may serve in that capacity; and
 - ix. The in-house counsel of any Party – and as to Defendants, the Special Attorney General of Venezuela and his staff – involved in management or oversight of the Action.
 - x. The list of persons to whom Confidential information may be disclosed may be expanded or modified by mutual agreement in writing by counsel for the Parties to this Action without the necessity of modifying this Stipulated Protective Order.
- c. Highly Confidential Information may only be disclosed to:
- i. Outside counsel (see 4(b)(ii));
 - ii. Outside Experts (see 4(b)(iii));
 - iii. Court reporters, stenographers or video recorders (see 4(b)(v));
 - iv. Any outside copy services or litigation support services (see 4(b)(vi));

- v. The Court, its personnel and those persons designated by the Court to view Highly Confidential Information (see 4(b)(vii));
- vi. Any mediator(s), arbitrator(s), or special master(s) appointed by the Court or agreed to by the Parties (see 4(b)(viii));
- vii. The in-house counsel of any Party – and as to Defendants, the Special Attorney General of Venezuela and his staff – involved in management or oversight of the Action; and
- viii. Any person who, based on the face of the Highly Confidential document, as established through specific documentary or testimonial evidence or as agreed to by the Designating Party, authored or previously received a copy of said document.
- ix. The list of persons to whom Highly Confidential information may be disclosed may be expanded or modified by mutual agreement in writing by counsel for the Parties to this Action without the necessity of modifying this Stipulated Protective Order.

d. A Party may not disclose information designated by another Party as Confidential or Highly Confidential to persons allowed to view such materials under Sections 4(b)(iii), (iv) & (x) and Sections 4(c)(ii), (viii) & (ix) until that person has signed and agreed to the provisions set forth in Appendix A to this Order. Counsel for the Party providing such access shall be responsible for obtaining and maintaining the signed agreement.

e. A Party may not disclose information designated by another Party as Confidential or Highly Confidential to any mediator(s), arbitrator(s), or special master(s) appointed by the Court or agreed to by the Parties (as described in Section 4(b)(viii) and Section 4(c)(vi)) until that person has signed and agreed to the provisions set forth in Appendix A to this Order or the substantial equivalent thereof. Counsel for the Party providing such access shall be responsible for obtaining and maintaining the signed agreement.

f. Any Party may disclose its own Confidential or Highly Confidential information in any manner.

g. A Party who wishes to disclose information designated as Confidential or Highly Confidential by another Party to a person not authorized by this Order to receive it must first make a reasonable attempt to obtain the Designating Party's permission. If the Party is unable to obtain permission, it may move the Court to obtain permission.

5. **No Waiver of Privileges.**

inadvertent
The production of any information claimed to be subject to the attorney-client privilege, the work-product doctrine, or any other privilege is not a waiver of that privilege or protection and the Parties agree there is no need to demonstrate that the disclosure was inadvertent or that reasonable steps were taken to prevent such disclosure. If, during the course of the Action, a Designating Party produces a document or any other piece of information that the Designating Party thereafter claims to be privileged or protected, the Designating Party may give notice to the Receiving Party in writing, and the Parties agree that the document or information will be returned to the Designating Party, and all copies, notes, quotations or summaries thereof will be destroyed within five (5) days. This Order shall be interpreted to provide the maximum protection allowed by Federal Rule of Evidence 502(d).

LLS

6. **Disputes over Designation(s).**

a. If a Party disputes a Designating Party's designation of Discovery Material as Confidential or Highly Confidential, the Party shall notify the Designating Party in writing of the basis for the dispute (the "Objection"), identifying the specific Discovery Materials and designations which are disputed and proposing a new designation for such Materials. The

objecting Party and the Designating Party shall then meet and confer to attempt to resolve the Objection without involvement of the Court.

b. If the Parties cannot resolve the Objection within fourteen (14) days of when the Objection was served on the Designating Party, the objecting Party may then file a motion to re-designate the Discovery Materials in dispute. The Designating Party bears the burden of proving that the Discovery Materials are properly designated as Confidential or Highly Confidential. The Discovery Materials shall remain subject to the Designating Party's Confidential or Highly Confidential designation until the Court rules on the dispute.

c. If the Party challenging the designation of the Discovery Materials does not file a motion challenging the designation of the Discovery Materials, the designated Materials shall continue to be subject to Confidential or Highly Confidential treatment as provided in this Order.

d. A Designating Party's designation of Discovery Materials as Confidential or Highly Confidential or a Party's failure to contest a designation of information as Confidential or Highly Confidential is not an admission that the information was properly designated, is not determinative of whether such Discovery Materials are entitled to be deemed as such.

7. Use of Confidential Material in Pleadings or at Hearing.

a. Except as agreed in writing by counsel, to the extent that any Confidential or Highly Confidential Discovery Material is quoted, attached to, or substantially paraphrased in any pleading, motion, memorandum, appendix, or other judicial filing in the Action, counsel shall make a good faith effort to file such submission under seal. Court administrators are directed to maintain the confidentiality of all Discovery Material that have been designated, in

whole or in part, as Confidential or Highly Confidential, by any Designating Party, consistent with the sealing requirements of the court.

b. When any Discovery Material designated as Confidential or Highly Confidential is filed with the court under seal, the filing Party shall the same day email a copy of all materials so filed to counsel of record for the opposing Party.

c. Discovery Materials designated as Confidential or Highly Confidential may be offered into evidence at trial or hearing on preliminary injunction, however, the Parties agree to jointly petition the Court to establish procedures to protect such Discovery Materials at trial or hearing before any such trial or hearing is begun.

8. Reasonable Precautions and Storage.

Counsel for each Party shall take reasonable precautions to prevent unauthorized or inadvertent disclosure of any designated Discovery Material. If the Receiving Party learns of any improper disclosure of designated Discovery Material, the Party's counsel shall attempt to obtain all copies of the disclosed Material and shall inform the Designating Party promptly of the disclosure and the circumstances surrounding the disclosure, but no later than three (3) business days after discovery of such disclosure. Confidential and Highly Confidential Discovery Material subject to the terms of this Order shall, when not in use, be stored in such a manner that persons not in the employment or service of those possessing such Confidential Discovery Material will be unlikely to obtain access to it.

9. Document Disposal.

Except as otherwise agreed in writing by the Parties, upon final termination of the Action (including all appeals), the Designating Party may demand that the Receiving Parties destroy all

Confidential or Highly Confidential information designated by the Designating Party within 60 (sixty) days of the demand. Counsel may retain one archival copy of all pleadings, motion papers, trial, deposition and hearing transcripts, deposition and trial exhibits, legal memoranda, correspondence, document productions, expert reports, attorney work product, and consultant and expert work product, even if such materials contain Confidential or Highly Confidential information. Any such archival copies that contain Confidential or Highly Confidential information shall remain subject to this Order.

10. Provision of Legal Advice.

This Order shall not bar any attorney herein in the course of rendering advice to his or her client with respect to this litigation from conveying to any Party client an evaluation in a general way of Confidential or Highly Confidential Discovery Material produced or exchanged herein; provided, however, that in rendering such advice and otherwise communicating with the client, the attorney shall not disclose the specific contents, directly or indirectly, of any Confidential or Highly Confidential Discovery Material produced herein, which disclosure would be contrary to the terms of this Order.

11. Joinder of Parties.

This Order shall be binding upon any party joined in the Action unless and until the Court, pursuant to a request by the joined party or on its own accord, orders that the joined party is not subject to the terms of the Order.

12. Survival of Obligations.

This Order shall remain in full force and effect after the termination of this Action, or until canceled or otherwise modified by Order of this Court.

13. No Waiver.

Nothing in this Order prevents a Party from disclosing its own documents and information as it sees fit. Any use or discussion of Confidential or Highly Confidential Discovery Material shall not be deemed a waiver of the terms of this Order.

14. Production of Information Pursuant to Process.

If Confidential or Highly Confidential Discovery Material in the possession, custody, or control of a Receiving Party is sought by subpoena, request for production of documents, interrogatories, or any other form of discovery request or compulsory process, including any form of discovery request or compulsory process of any court, administrative or legislative body, or any other person or tribunal purporting to have opportunity to seek such information by compulsory process or discovery request, including private parties, the Receiving Party to whom the process or discovery request is directed shall promptly give written notice of such process or discovery request together with a copy thereof, to counsel for the Designating Party so that the Designating Party has reasonable opportunity to challenge or oppose the request. The Designating Party may move against the subpoena or other process, or oppose entry of any order by a court of competent jurisdiction compelling production of the Confidential or Highly Confidential Discovery Material, or take any other lawful action to challenge or oppose the request. If the Designating Party objects or moves against the subpoena or other process, the Party receiving the subpoena or process shall not produce Confidential or Highly Confidential Discovery Material before the actual due date for compliance, and shall not object to or interfere with any effort by the Designating Party to seek a prompt judicial determination of the Designating Party's motion or objection before compliance is required.

15. Violations.

In the event that anyone shall violate or threaten to violate the terms of this Protective Order, the Parties agree that the aggrieved Party may immediately apply to a court of proper jurisdiction to obtain injunctive relief against any such person violating or threatening to violate any terms of this Protective Order.

16. Not an Admission.

Nothing in this Order or done by a Party pursuant to this Order shall constitute an admission by the Party, or shall be used as evidence, that information designated as Confidential or Confidential – Attorneys’ Eyes Only is actually confidential Discovery Material. Furthermore, nothing contained herein shall preclude the Parties or a person from raising any available objection, or seeking any available protection with respect to any confidential Discovery Material, including but not limited to the grounds of admissibility of evidence, materiality, trial preparation materials and privilege.

17. Modifications.

By written agreement of the Parties, or upon motion and order of the Court, the terms of this Protective Order may be amended or modified.

Stipulated and agreed to on September 25, 2019 by:

REED SMITH LLP

By: /s/ Jordan W. Siev
Jordan W. Siev
Geoffrey G. Young
Nicole Lech

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New York, NY 10022
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Counsel for Plaintiff

HOGAN LOVELLS US LLP

By: /s/ Dennis H. Tracey
Dennis H. Tracey, III

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Fax. (212) 918-3100

Counsel for Defendants

SO ORDERED, this 25th day of September 2019.

Louis L. Stanton
[JUDGE/COURT]

**UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK**

DRESSER-RAND COMPANY,

Plaintiff,

v.

PETRÓLEOS DE VENEZUELA, S.A. *et al*,

Defendants.

No. 19-cv-02689-LLS

I hereby affirm that:

1. Select materials containing information designated as “Confidential” or “Highly Confidential – Attorneys’ Eyes Only” as defined in the Stipulated Confidentiality and Protective Order (the “Order”) may be provided to me in connection with this litigation.

2. I have been given a copy of and have read the Order.

3. I am familiar with the terms of the Order and I agree to comply with and to be bound by the terms thereof.

4. I submit to the jurisdiction of this Court for enforcement of the Order.

5. I agree not to use any “Confidential” or “Highly Confidential – Attorneys’ Eyes Only” information disclosed to me pursuant to the Order except for any purpose other than to provide assistance or review of the above-captioned litigation or settlement thereof, and I agree not to disclose any such “Confidential” or “Highly Confidential – Attorneys’ Eyes Only” information to persons other than those specifically authorized by said Order, without the express written consent of the Party who designated such information as being confidential or by order of this Court. I also agree to notify any stenographic, clerical, or technical personnel who are required to assist me of the terms of said Order.

6. I understand that I am to retain all documents or materials designated as “Confidential” or “Highly Confidential – Attorneys’ Eyes Only” information in a secure manner, and that all such documents and materials are to remain in my personal custody until the completion of my assigned duties in this matter, whereupon all such documents and materials, including all copies thereof, and any writings prepared by me containing any “Confidential” or “Highly Confidential – Attorneys’ Eyes Only” information are to be returned to counsel who provided me with such documents and materials.

Dated: _____

By: _____

Name: _____

Title: _____

Company: _____